

Fire Prevention Planning Guide For Special Events

This guide outlines the fire safety requirements found in the Grants Pass Municipal Code 9.13.100 Required Permits, Oregon Building Codes, Oregon Fire Code and Oregon Fire Code Technical advisory No. 08-01 for Special Events such as Fairs, Trade Shows, Carnivals and Common Venue Events. Grants Pass Department of Public Safety (GPDPS) is committed to insuring safety for all vendors and participants at community events and has created this guide for your use. Utilizing information in this guide will help you host an organized event with minimal last minute disruptions to correct code violations.

This guide summarizes fire safety requirements to be used by event promoters and/or permit applicants. This guide is a tool to be used by an event planner to prepare your Fire Prevention Permit Application and to advise vendors of the fire safety requirements for the event. In GPDPS review of the permit application you may be advised of necessary additions and/or requirements that must be met before the event occurs. All events must comply with the applicable requirements in this guide.

The Oregon Fire and Building codes apply to all events permitted or unpermitted.

When is a Fire Prevention Permit required?

A permit is required when any of the following* are proposed to operate

- ASSEMBLY
- CARNIVAL
- FAIR
- EXHIBITION
- TENT OR CANOPY

How do I apply for a permit?

Call the Fire Prevention Bureau at 541-450-6200 to find out if your event requires a permit. Permit applications can be obtained at the Parkway Public Safety Center located at 800 E Park St.

^{*}For Definitions see page 4

When will I receive my permit?

You will be contacted by a fire inspector to schedule a fire inspection prior to the opening of your event. There may be additional inspections conducted in the duration of the permit to confirm continued compliance with conditions as approved. Once your fire inspection is complete and all violations corrected you will be issued your Fire Prevention Permit. Your permit will only be valid during dates listed on the permit. An extension of the permit may only be granted by request with possible additional inspections by GPDPS.

Your permit must be posted on-site for the duration of your event. Any permit issued may be suspended or revoked by GPDPS if the conditions of the permit have been violated OR any false statement or misrepresentation of information provided in the application or plans from which the permit issuance was based were made.

Table of Contents

Section 1 Definitions	4
Section 2 Site & Seating Plans	4
Section 3 Candles, Heaters and Open Flames	5
Section 4 Combustible Materials	5
Section 5 Cooking & Food Warming Equipment	5
Section 6 Decorative Materials	6
Section 7 Electrical	6
Section 8 Occupant Load	7
Section 9 Seating Arrangements	7
Section 10 Exiting and Aisle Widths	7
Section 11 Portable Fire Extinguishers	7
Section 12 Flame Retardants and Fire Resistive Materials	9
Section 13 Propane (LPG) Use	9
Section 14 Exhibit Booths and Sales Displays	9
Section 15 Tents and Canopies	9
Section 16 Tents and Canopies used for Cooking	10
Section 17 Vehicle Display and/or Parking	11
Section 18 Camping and RV Parking	11
Section 19 Fenced Events- Beer Gardens and Concerts	11
Appendix I	12
Appendix II	13

Section 1 Definitions

Assembly: the temporary gathering of 50 or more persons for such purposes as deliberation, education, instruction, worship, entertainment, amusement, drinking, and/or dining. A permit is required at the discretion of the Fire Marshal.

Canopy: A canopy differs from a tent in that 75% of its sidewall space is open. Enclosing a canopies' sidewall creates a tent.

Carnival: a mobile enterprise principally devoted to offering amusement or entertainment to the public in, upon, or by means of temporary structures, rides or any combination of both.

Cooking: includes the use of open flame cooking tops, fryers, skillets, kettles, woks, microwaves, ovens, barbeques, warming trays using open flames, and other specialty cookware.

Exhibition: an event in which the display of products or services is organized to bring together the provider and user of the products or services.

Fair: an enterprise principally devoted to the exhibition of products of agriculture or industry in connection with the operation of amusement rides or devices, or concession stands.

Occupant Load: the maximum amount of people permitted inside an area.

Tent: a temporary structure, enclosure or shelter constructed of fabric or pliable material supported by any manner other than air.

Section 2 Site & Seating Plans

Planners with events that require a permit must attach a scaled and detailed floor or site plan to the permit application.

The plans must show the following (if applicable):

- Location and width of all stages, platforms, physical structures, fences, exit doors, aisles in large exhibitor areas, and the main event aisle ways.
- Seating arrangement-including any tables and chairs.
- Location, size, and identification number of exhibits, booths, cooking booths, and other display spaces.
- Location and size of propane (LPG) containers and/or helium tanks.
- Location and width of the fire lanes and the location of fire hydrants.
- Distance from tents to property lines, fences, and structures.
- Location of fire extinguishers, egress lighting, and exit signs.
- Description of decorations (i.e. draping, balloons, misc. decorations, etc.)
- Vehicle layout (for vehicle displays)
- Location of dumpsters and waste receptacles.
- Designated smoking areas (if provided)

Section 3 Candles, Heaters and Open Flames

Candles, heaters and other open flame devices add ambience and comfort to a special event but must be used with extra caution. Listed below are safe permitted uses of candles, heaters and open flames.

- Candelabra's shall be secured in place and located away from exits, combustibles and people.
- Hand held candles shall not be passed from one person to another while lighted.
- Flammable liquid (canned heat) used for food preparation is limited to 1 oz. containers or 1 quart containers with a controlled pouring device that limits flow to 1 oz. serving.
- If food preparation is being done at a table where guests are seated, a wet towel must be readily available to smother a possible fire or cool a burn.
- Use approved liquid or solid fuel non-spill containers for decorative lighting. Secure to prevent overturning. Decorative shades must be non-combustible.
- Class I and II flammable liquids (i.e. kerosene and gasoline) and propane shall not be used for decorative or lighting purposes indoors of in tents or under canopies.
- Only electrically powered portable heating equipment with high limit/tip-over protection may be used in buildings, tents and canopies.
- Patio/umbrella type heaters (gas or electric) are allowed for outside venues as long as they maintain clearance from combustibles per listing and area secured to prevent tipping. Must be located at least 5' from buildings and exits or exit discharges.

Section 4 Combustible Materials

Combustible merchandise being displayed should be limited to a reasonable quantity. Reserve supplies and merchandise shall be kept in closed containers and stored neatly. Waste materials, such as empty cardboard boxes and packing materials, must be removed from the exhibit area daily. Promoters shall ensure that trash pickup is provided for the event and the exhibitors daily.

Section 5 Cooking & Food Warming Equipment

If cooking is approved for your event, you must use an approved appliance and provide adequate number and type of fire extinguishers. A minimum 4A: 40 BC portable fire extinguisher and wet towel are to be available in each cooking area. A Type K portable fire extinguisher must be available if deep fat frying or woks are used. For additional fire extinguisher requirements see Section 11 Portable Fire Extinguishers. Additional requirements must be met for cooking in tents, canopies or booths see Section 16.

For examples of approved cooking equipment options see Appendix II.

Tents Used for Cooking

Listed below are approved cooking/warming appliances:

- Microwave and electric ovens
- Electric steam tables
- Electric cook top griddles
- Electric single well deep fat fryer or wok
- Gas fired appliances shall be placed on a non-combustible surface. If the manufacturer's instructions require the equipment to be vented to the outside, it must be done.
- Propane/butane is prohibit to be used indoors

- Multi-well deep fat frying equipment is prohibited unless an approved self-contained hood, ventilation, and suppression system is provided.
- Single-well cooking equipment using cooking oils shall:
 - 1. Have lids for immediate use to cover and smother a fire
 - 2. Be limited to 288 sq. inches of cooking surface
 - 3. Be placed on a non-combustible surface
 - 4. Be separated from other single-well cooking equipment by a minimum horizontal distance of 2 ft.

***Any cooking device that is indoors, in a trailer, and/or in a combustible booth and creates grease-laden vapors shall be provided with an approved hood and extinguishing system, or be the type with a self-closing lid or other form of self-extinguishment approved by GPDPS.

All hood ventilating systems are required to be installed in accordance with the Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code and be cleaned prior to the start of the event and as often as needed to prevent the build-up of grease during the event.

Section 6 Decorative Materials

Decorative materials are typically used to make a sales area more appealing to customers. Many of the combustible items used such as wood lath, decorative fabric and plastic or foam signs, are a fuel source for fast developing fires. The following requirements apply to decorative materials in tents and indoors:

- Combustible decorative materials, excluding table covers, shall be flame resistant. Wood less than 1/4" thick shall be treated with a flame-retardant coating.
- Foam plastic objects including mannequins, murals, and signs shall cover less than 10% of a wall, ceiling, or floor area.

Note: If the material is not flame resistant, fire retardant products can be purchased and applied to the material by the vendor or by a professional.

Section 7 Electrical

Safe use of electrical cords will keep your event's power need running without interruption. For examples of approved cords please see Appendix page 12. The following are specific requirements for the use of extension cords and power strips/taps:

- Residential type (small gauge cord) extension cords are not allowed to be used. Extension cords shall be a minimum 14 gauge, three conductor with polarized or grounded plug and receptacle.
- Home-made or spliced cords are not to be used.
- Extension cords may be used when plugged directly into outlet. Chaining of cords or power strips is prohibited.
- Multi-plug adapters (i.e. cube adapters) are not allowed in commercial or temporary occupancies.
- Relocatable power taps may be used when plugged directly into outlet and equipped with a built in circuit breaker.
- Extension cords used outdoors must be plugged into a GFCI protected outlet.
- Protect cord if it will be subject to foot traffic or unusual weight or tension. Cords may be protected by plastic (office style) cord covers or wood constructed (ramp style). Duct tape

may be used to secure a cord if it is placed perpendicular across the cord not horizontally covering the cord.

An electrical permit is required if temporary electrical service or equipment is installed. Contact the building department for electrical permit information.

Section 8 Occupant Load

A building used for exhibits, entertainment, feeding or instructing more than 50 people shall be assigned an occupant load. It is the responsibility of the promoter and the building owner to ensure that the maximum number of people allowed in an area is not exceeded.

- Established occupant load limits shall be maintained by the facility. An occupant load sign (issued by GPDPS) may be required to be posted.
- A means to monitor the occupant load in a room shall be used. One approved method is to use hand-held counters to track incoming and outgoing people.
- Standby personnel may be required for the sole purpose of maintaining occupant load limits.

Section 9 Seating Arrangements

Seating plans shall be included in your Site & Seating Plan (Section 1). Adequate exiting must be provided when developing seating plan.

- When using over 200 chairs, the chairs must be bonded together in groups of three or more.
- Minimum distance between front/back of folding chairs is 12" measured from the front edge of the seat to the back edge of the seat back in front of it.

Section 10 Exiting and Aisle Widths

Adequate exits must be provided for all events.

- Aisles and exits shown on approved site or floor plans must be kept clear and free of obstructions at all times.
- Easels, signs, displays, etc. must not be placed in the aisles or exit paths from all areas of the event
- Exits and aisles may only be used for exiting. No displays, tables or other objects may be placed in hallways or exits.
- Provide minimum 48" aisles for exiting when using over 200 chairs and 36" aisles for 200 chairs or less.

Section 11 Portable Fire Extinguishers

Portable fire extinguishers are required at all events. A fire extinguisher is an effective means to extinguish a small fire but must only be used by a person who is confident in their abilities to use it safe and effectively. Most commercial buildings will have fire extinguishers distributed throughout however additional ones may be required depending upon your event use of the building. Note fire extinguisher locations on your site plan when applying for permit. Meet the extinguisher requirements for your type of event.

To provide adequate fire extinguisher coverage the following must be met:

• At least one minimum 2A: 10 BC portable fire extinguisher must be provided.

- A minimum 4A: 40 BC extinguisher is required if an open flame and/or cooking will be present. Extinguisher must be located within 30' of the cooking activity.
- A minimum 3A: 40 BC extinguisher must be provided when a generator is in use. Extinguisher must be located in the vicinity of the generator at all times generator is operating.
- Extinguishers shall have a current service tag (serviced within the last 12 months).
- Place extinguishers adjacent to exits and/or in the paths of egress.
- Promoter/planner may require each booth/vendor to provide an extinguisher for their area or extinguishers must be provided with maximum travel distance of 75' (unless otherwise required by GPDPS) from any point in the event space.
- Extinguishers must be located in plain sight, mounted so that the top of the extinguisher is no higher than 4' above the floor.
- Notify vendors/booth operators of the locations of fire extinguishers.

For OUTDOOR events the following matrix may be used to plan for an adequate number of extinguishers.

Portable Fire Extinguisher Requirements for Outdoor Events				
Type of Event		Extinguisher Placement Requirements		
Select the category	Maximum 75 foot	Maximum 50 foot	Event Promoter	
that most	travel distance to	travel distance to	may opt to require	
resembles your	extinguishers	extinguishers	each vendor or	
event. If the			booth to have an	
category is not			extinguisher.	
shown, contact				
GPDPS				
Carnival	X		X	
midways				
Carnival rides	Every ride shall have at least one 2A: 10BC portable			
	extinguisher			
Cooking booths	Cooking booths shall have at least one 4A: 40BC portable			
using oil, any	extinguisher. Deep fat frying or use of WOKs require a Type K			
event	extinguisher			
Fair midways	X		X	
Fireworks	Every discharge area shall have at least one 2A 40BC			
	extinguisher			
Street markets or	X		X	
fairs				
Tents	see section 16		see section 16	
Note: During the review of your permit application the reviewer may determine				

additional portable extinguishers are required.

Section 12 Flame Retardants and Fire Resistive Materials

Flame retardants are used to treat a variety of materials to inhibit the spread of fire. Some materials, such as most plastic tarps, cannot be treated with flame retardants unless done by the manufacturer. Products treated with flame retardants must bear proof of treatment and provided to the fire inspector upon request. Proof of treatment may consist of providing a copy of the product label or specification sheet and/or verification that the product was applied according to manufacturers specifications. Fire resistive materials/products must bear label from manufacturer indicating it meets fire resistive standards.

Section 13 Propane (LPG) Use

- LPG may not be used indoors. For outdoor use the following requirements must be met:
 - LPG tanks may only be located on the exterior of buildings, booths, portable concessions or tents.
 - o LPG tanks shall be a minimum of 10 feet from combustible vegetation and trash containers.
 - o LPG tanks shall be located a minimum of 20 feet from a potential ignition source
 - o LPG tanks shall be located so they are not in contact with direct flame, high heat situations or sparks.
 - LPG tanks must be secured from falling. Method of securing tank must be sturdy and capable of preventing tank movement.

Section 14 Exhibit Booths and Sales Displays

- The travel distance within a booth or vendors exhibit area to an accessible exit aisle shall not exceed 50'.
- Booths constructed of combustible materials, foam, cloth, plastic or wood (using less than 2" x 4" dimension lumber) must comply with flame retardant requirements in Section 12.
- Booths, tables and/or displays must be solid/stable and not susceptible to collapse
- Booths, tables and display areas shall be clearly defined so exhibits do not encroach into aisles and exits.
- Booths, displays and products must not block exit doors, electrical panels; roll up fire doors, fire alarm pull stations or sprinklers.
- Keep combustible displays and/or products at least 18" below bottom of sprinkler heads or 24" from ceiling in a non-sprinkellered building.
- Keep combustibles at least 36" from heat sources.
- Booths or displays must not interfere with fire sprinkler or fire alarm system performance.

Section 15 Tents and Canopies

Tents exceeding 200 sq. feet and canopies exceeding 400 sq. feet require a Fire Prevention Permit. Permit application must include a site and seating plan.

Tents must meet the following requirements:

• Tents and canopies are not allowed inside a structure.

- Tents and canopies shall maintain a distance of 20' from structures, property lines or right of ways*. For the purpose of determining required distances, support ropes and guy wires are considered part of the tent or canopy.
- Tents and canopies shall be roped, braced and anchored.
- Tents and canopies must be made of fire resistant material (must bear label from manufacturer indicating so) or be treated with an approved flame retardant.
- Decorative materials used in tents shall be flame retardant.
- Post NO SMOKING signs inside and or outside tent.
- When multiple tents or canopies are arranged or set side by side, the aggregate length shall not exceed 150 feet without a 20 foot fire break.
- A distance of 20 feet shall be maintained between cooking tents/canopies/booths and non-cooking tents/canopies/booths and other structures*.
- Outdoor cooking that produces sparks or grease laden vapors shall not be performed within 20' of a tent or canopy. **Exception**: Cooking appliances with approved ventilation.
- No open flame devices are allowed inside tents. For cooking in tents see requirements in Section 16.
- Provide one minimum 2A: 10 BC fire extinguisher for every 3,000 square feet of floor area. See Section 11 for additional fire extinguisher requirements.
- Provide minimum 12' clearance around all sides of tents and canopies unless arranged or set side by side*.
- Maximum distance to an exit shall not exceed 100°
- Tents and canopies must be provided with exiting as follows:
 - 1. Occupant load up to 10, one exit 6' wide.
 - 2. Occupant load 10 to 199, two exits 6' wide
 - 3. Occupant load 200-499, three exits 6' wide
 - 4. Occupant load 500-999, four exits 8' wide
 - 5. Occupant load 1,000-2000, five exits 10' wide
 - 6. An additional 10' wide exit to be added for each additional 1,000 people.
 - 7. Exits must be spaced evenly around the tent perimeter. For assistance in determining your occupant load contact GFES.
- Provide exits signs above each exit. For occupant capacity over 100 exit signs must be illuminated and provided with a back-up power supply.
- Overnight sleeping is not allowed in Tents

Section 16 Tents and Canopies used for Cooking

In addition to the requirements in Section 15, tents and canopies used for cooking must met the following requirements:

- Cooking Booths must have 10' clearance on two sides.
- Provide a minimum 4A: 40 BC fire extinguisher. See Section 11 Portable Fire Extinguishers for additional requirements that may apply.
- Cooking and heating equipment must be kept a minimum of 10' from exit or exit aisles and any combustible materials.
- Appliances with open-flame cook tops, fryers; skillet frying and woks *shall not* be located inside a tent. Such appliances *may* be located under a canopy if the appliance is equipped with adequate venting to release cooking related by-products from under the canopy to the outside.

^{*}Separations may be reduced to 10' under special consideration as approved by GPDPS.

- An umbrella (treated with a fire retardant or made of fire resistant material) or a noncombustible hard lid to cover the cooking appliance may be used to meet health department requirements for covering cooking operations.
- Propane tanks must be placed and/or stored at least 10' from booths, tents and canopies. All tanks must be secured from falling and not subject to extreme heat or open flame.
- Hay, straw, and similar combustible materials shall not be stored inside or within 30' of a tent or canopy used for cooking or public assembly.

Section 17 Vehicle Display and/or Parking

Indoor display of vehicles, boats and recreational vehicles shall comply with the following:

- Batteries shall be disconnected. **Exception**: electric hybrid vehicles.
- Vehicle shall not block or obstruct exits
- Fuel tanks shall be locked or sealed (may use duct tape).
- Fuel tanks shall be no more than ¼ full or contain no more than 5 gallons of fuel.
- Fueling or de-fueling shall not be done inside a building or tent.

Section 18 Camping and RV Parking

Camping and or RV parking associated with a special event must comply with applicable requirements in this guide.

- Clear space of 10' must be maintained between Camping and RV parking and any tent, building and/or combustible storage.
- Camping and RV parking is limited to the duration of the event unless approved by GPDPS.
- Camping and RV parking must also comply with any applicable locally adopted codes and/or rules.

Section 19 Fenced Events- Beer Gardens and Concerts

Fenced events shall meet the following requirements:

- Fenced areas with an occupant load of more than 50 people require at least two exits. Additional exits may be required depending upon the occupant load
- Post occupant load sign (will be provided by GFES)
- Exits shall not be chained or locked and must be easily opened from the inside fenced area.
- Exits shall be marked with an exit sign.
- Egress and emergency lighting may be required at night or after sunset.
- Exit doors, gates shall swing in the direction of egress travel.
- Fencing must be adequately secured to the ground

Appendix I



Appendix II

FIRE PREVENTION PERMIT APPLICATION

Complete all information fields and attach a detailed site drawing to the application.

Applicant must submit this form at least seven (7) business days prior to the event.

Applicant Name:		
	tion. Applicant must provide a phone nur	
Event Name:		
Event Address:		
Anticipated number of people to atte	nd the event:	_
Event Date(s):	Event Hours:	
Set up Date:	Time:	AM/PM
Take Down Date:	Time:	AM/PM
What time will you be ready for an ins	spection:	
,	to meet all of the requirements of the applency Services Event Permit Guidelines for th	_
Signed:	Date	
Event Planning Guide Received	(initialed by applicant)	